## Chapter 11: Sculpture and Installation

Circle the letter of the correct answer.

- 1. Sculpture that is freestanding and completely finished on all sides is called:
  - a. High relief
  - b. Kinetic
  - c. Low relief
  - d. Replacement
  - e. In the round
- 2. Sculpture in which the subjects project very slightly from the background is called:
  - a. High relief
  - b. Kinetic
  - c. Low relief
  - d. Replacement
  - e. In the round
- 3. Sculpture in which the subjects project at least half their depth from the surface is called:
  - a. High relief
  - b. Kinetic
  - c. Low relief
  - d. Replacement
  - e. In the round
- 4. The subtractive process includes:
  - a. Carving
  - b. Modeling
  - c. Casting
  - d. Assembling
  - e. B and D only
- 5. The additive process of sculpture includes:
  - a. Carving
  - b. Modeling
  - c. Casting
  - d. Assembling
  - e. B and D only
- 6. To cover with a thin layer of gold is to \_\_\_\_\_\_ that object.
  - a. Bronze
  - b. Cast
  - c. Model
  - d. Gild
  - e. Replace
- 7. The term *terra cotta* refers to:
  - a. A mixture of copper and tin
  - b. An earthwork
  - c. Fired clay
  - d. Plastic resin
  - e. None of the above

## Name\_\_\_\_\_

- 8. Which statement about the lost-wax method of casting is not true?
  - a. A material is poured into a mold and allowed to harden.
  - b. The process dates back to the 3<sup>rd</sup> millennium B.C.E.
  - c. In the original process the clay mold was re-used to make multiples.
  - d. Molten metal replaces the wax, which is melted away or "lost".
  - e. The lost-wax method is the most common way of casting metal.
- 9. In traditional African sculpture, the human figure most often represents:
  - a. Spirits
  - b. Kings
  - c. Village elders
  - d. The Buddha
  - e. Heroes and heroines
- 10. The Greeks sculpted the human body because:
  - a. They felt it was a worthy subject for art.
  - b. Cultivating the body through gymnastics was part of Greek culture.
  - c. They developed an ideal body type based on harmonious proportions.
  - d. They believed the unclothed body was beautiful.
  - e. All of the above
- 11. In sculpture the term *contrapposto* means that the figure is:
  - a. Standing erect and formal
  - b. Counterbalanced by an object
  - c. Posed with the weight of the body shifted onto one foot
  - d. Posed counter to the emotion expressed
  - e. None of the above
- 12. The term environmental sculpture is used to discuss:
  - a. A work of art that is part of the natural environment
  - b. Sculpture that is created for the purpose of outdoor exhibition or display
  - c. Sculpture that creates an environment large enough for the viewer to occupy
  - d. Any of the above
  - e. None of the above